SENATE BILL No. 288

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-13-36-1; IC 27-14.

Synopsis: Liability of medical directors. Requires a health maintenance organization to appoint a medical director who has an unlimited license to practice medicine in Indiana. (Current law allows a health maintenance organization to appoint a medical director who has an unlimited license to practice medicine in Indiana or an equivalent license issued by another state.) Provides for a duty of ordinary care for the medical director of a health insurance carrier, health maintenance organization, or other managed care entity when making health care treatment decisions involving covered services. Makes the medical director of a health insurance carrier, a health maintenance organization, or other managed care entity liable for harm resulting from health care treatment decisions made without exercising ordinary care.

Effective: July 1, 1999.

Miller

January 7, 1999, $\,$ read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.



Introduced

First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 288

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 27-13-36-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. (a) Each health maintenance organization shall appoint a medical director who has an unlimited license to practice medicine under IC 25-22.5. or an equivalent license issued by another state.
- (b) The medical director is responsible for oversight of treatment policies, protocols, quality assurance activities, and utilization management decisions of the health maintenance organization.
- (c) A health maintenance organization shall contract with or employ at least one (1) individual who holds an unlimited license to practice medicine under IC 25-22.5 to do the following:
 - (1) Develop, in consultation with a group of appropriate providers, the health maintenance organization's treatment policies, protocols, and quality assurance activities.
 - (2) Consult with the treating provider before an adverse



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1	utilization review decision is made.
2	(d) Compliance with the most current standards or guidelines
3	developed by the National Committee on Quality Assurance or a
4	successor organization is sufficient to meet the requirements of this
5	section.
6	SECTION 2. IC 27-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
7	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
8	1999]:
9	ARTICLE 14. LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN HEALTH CARE
.0	TREATMENT DECISIONS
1	Chapter 1. General Provisions and Definitions
2	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
.3	article.
4	Sec. 2. "Enrollee" means the following:
.5	(1) With respect to a health maintenance organization, a:
6	(A) subscriber; or
.7	(B) dependent of a subscriber;
.8	who is covered by the health maintenance organization.
9	(2) With respect to a managed care entity that is not a health
20	maintenance organization:
21	(A) an individual who is enrolled in a health care plan; or
22	(B) a dependent of an individual described in clause (A)
23	who is covered by the health care plan.
24	Sec. 3. "Carrier" means a health insurance carrier, health
25	maintenance organization, or a managed care entity through which
26	a health care plan is operated.
27	Sec. 4. "Health care plan" means a plan under which a person
28	undertakes to:
29	(1) arrange for;
80	(2) pay for; or
31	(3) reimburse any part of the cost of;
32	health care services through a carrier.
33	Sec. 5. "Health care provider" has the meaning set forth in
34	IC 34-18-2-14.
35	Sec. 6. "Health care treatment decision" means a determination
36 37	that:
88	(1) is made when medical services are provided by a health
9 89	care plan; and (2) affects the quality of the diagnosis, care, or treatment
10	provided to an insured or enrollee of the health care plan.
11	Sec. 7. "Health insurance" means one (1) or more of the kinds
12	of insurance described in Class 1(b) and Class 2(a) of IC 27-1-5-1



1	Sec. 8. "Health insurance carrier" means an insurer (as defined
2	in IC 27-1-2-3) that provides health insurance.
3	Sec. 9. "Health maintenance organization" has the meaning set
4	forth in IC 27-13-1-19.
5	Sec. 10. (a) "Managed care entity" means an entity that, on
6	behalf of or as part of a health care plan:
7	(1) delivers health care services to a defined enrollee
8	population;
9	(2) administers the delivery of health care services to a
10	defined enrollee population; or
11	(3) assumes the risk for the delivery of health care services to
12	a defined enrollee population.
13	(b) The term does not include:
14	(1) an employer purchasing coverage or acting on behalf of:
15	(A) its employees; or
16	(B) the employees of one (1) or more subsidiaries or
17	corporations affiliated with the employer; or
18	(2) a pharmacy that holds a pharmacy permit issued by the
19	Indiana board of pharmacy under IC 25-26-13.
20	Sec. 11. "Ordinary care" means the following:
21	(1) With respect to the medical director of a carrier, the
22	degree of care that a medical director of ordinary prudence
23	would use under the same or similar circumstances.
24	(2) With respect to a person who is an employee, an agent, an
25	ostensible agent, or a representative of the medical director of
26	a carrier, the degree of care that a person of ordinary
27	prudence in the same profession, specialty, or area of practice
28	as the person would use under the same or similar
29	circumstances.
30	Sec. 12. "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a
31	partnership, a limited liability company, an unincorporated
32	association, the state, or a political subdivision (as defined in
33	IC 36-1-2-13).
34	Chapter 2. The Duty of Ordinary Care
35	Sec. 1. (a) This chapter does not apply to a carrier that is wholly
36	owned by a provider (as defined in IC 27-13-1-28).
37	(b) This chapter does not apply to worker's compensation
38	insurance coverage under IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6.
39	Sec. 2. The medical director of a carrier:
40	(1) has the duty to exercise ordinary care when making health
41	care treatment decisions; and
42.	(2) is liable for damages in compensation for harm to an



1	insured or enrollee that is proximately caused by the failure
2	of the medical director to exercise ordinary care.
3	Sec. 3. The medical director of a carrier is liable for damages in
4	compensation for harm to an insured or enrollee proximately
5	caused by a health care treatment decision made by an employee,
6	an agent, an ostensible agent, or a representative of the medical
7	director if, at the time the decision is made:
8	(1) the employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative is
9	acting on behalf of the medical director; and
10	(2) the medical director:
11	(A) has the right to exercise influence or control over the
12	employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative; or
13	(B) is actually exercising influence or control over the
14	employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative;
15	resulting in the failure to exercise ordinary care.
16	Sec. 4. In an action based under section 3 of this chapter on a
17	health care treatment decision allegedly made by an employee, an
18	agent, an ostensible agent, or a representative of a medical director
19	of a carrier, it is a defense that:
20	(1) neither:
21	(A) the medical director; nor
22	(B) the employee, agent, ostensible agent, or representative
23	for whose conduct the medical director is allegedly liable;
24	controlled, influenced, or participated in the health care
25	treatment decision in question; and
26	(2) the medical director did not deny or delay payment for
27	any treatment prescribed or recommended by a health care
28	provider to the insured or enrollee in question.
29	Sec. 5. Sections 2 and 3 of this chapter do not obligate a carrier
30	to provide to an insured or enrollee treatment that is not covered
31	by the health care plan.
32	Sec. 6. This chapter does not create liability on the part of:
33	(1) an employer;
34	(2) an employer purchasing group; or
35	(3) a pharmacy that holds a pharmacy permit issued by the
36	Indiana board of pharmacy under IC 25-26-13;
37	that purchases coverage or assumes risk on behalf of its employees.
38	Sec. 7. A law prohibiting a carrier from practicing medicine or
39	being licensed to practice medicine may not be asserted as a
40	defense by the medical director of a carrier in an action brought
41	under this chapter.
42	Sec. 8. In an action against the medical director of a carrier



1	under this chapter, a finding that a physician or another health
2	care provider is an employee, an agent, an ostensible agent, or a
3	representative of the carrier may not be based solely on proof that
4	the name of the physician or other health care provider appears in
5	a listing of approved physicians or health care providers made
6	available to insureds or enrollees under a health care plan.
7	Sec. 9. A person who brings an action under this chapter must

Sec. 9. A person who brings an action under this chapter must comply with IC 34-18.

SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999] IC 27-14, as added by this act, applies to causes of action arising after June 30, 1999.



